GRAMÁTICA INGLESA C2

Cuaderno complementario: teoría, 120 ejercicios originales y soluciones

Este PDF contiene 120 actividades diferentes de las 120 propuestas en la web. Resuelve los seis bloques antes de consultar las respuestas. Las soluciones son modelos válidos: en las transformaciones abiertas pueden existir alternativas equivalentes.

MARCO TEÓRICO

Inversión y adverbiales restrictivos

Con expresiones iniciales como Hardly, Barely, Not until, Under no circumstances, Only after se invierte el auxiliar y el sujeto. Not until the data arrived did we proceed. No se invierte toda oración que contenga una negación; importa su posición y función.

Énfasis con cleft sentences

Las it-clefts y what-clefts focalizan una parte del mensaje: It was the timing that caused the problem; What mattered was the timing. La transformación debe conservar el significado y evitar cambios de agente.

Modales perfectos y matices

Must have + participle expresa una deducción fuerte; might have una posibilidad; should have una crítica o expectativa incumplida; needn’t have una acción realizada que resultó innecesaria. No son intercambiables.

Condicionales irreales y mixtos

El tercer condicional combina if + past perfect con would have + participle. El condicional mixto puede vincular una causa pasada con un resultado actual: If she had applied, she would be working here now. Las formas deben reflejar la cronología.

Nominalización y estilo formal

La nominalización transforma procesos en entidades: They decided to postpone the launch → The decision to postpone the launch. Mejora la densidad informativa, pero el abuso puede dificultar la lectura. En C2 también importa la claridad.

Concesión, coherencia y alcance

Much as introduce una concesión; even if plantea una condición hipotética que no modifica la conclusión; despite exige sintagma nominal o gerundio. Elegir conectores depende de la relación lógica, no solo del vocabulario.

Qué diferencia el C2 del C1

C2 no consiste únicamente en memorizar estructuras raras: exige precisión, naturalidad, control del registro, énfasis adecuado y reformulación sin pérdida de significado. Algunas soluciones abiertas admiten variantes igualmente válidas.

Cómo preparar Cambridge C2 Proficiency

La práctica gramatical favorece especialmente el control lingüístico de Reading and Use of English, pero no reemplaza tareas auténticas de lectura, escritura, comprensión auditiva y expresión oral. Conviene contrastar el formato del examen con los materiales oficiales.

120 EJERCICIOS EXCLUSIVOS DEL PDF

Seis bloques de 20 actividades. Reescribe cada oración según la indicación y mantén su significado. No consultes las soluciones hasta completar el bloque.

Bloque 1. Inversión y énfasis adverbial

1. The board did not endorse the revised timetable until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

2. The analysts did not release their projections until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

3. The curator did not reassess the exhibition until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

4. The delegates did not withdraw their objections until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

5. The ministry did not release the correspondence until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

6. The publisher did not amend the contract until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

7. The tribunal did not reopen the case until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

8. The technicians did not detect the anomaly until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

9. The inspectors did not flag irregularities until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

10. The moderator did not suspend the debate until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

11. The supplier did not admit the oversight until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

12. The jury did not agree on a verdict until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

13. The supervisor did not sign off the transfer until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

14. The mediators did not approve the settlement until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

15. The college did not postpone the assessment until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

16. The arbitrator did not reject the complaint until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

17. The designer did not alter the specifications until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

18. The historian did not authenticate the document until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

19. The hosts did not postpone the ceremony until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

20. The authority did not introduce safeguards until further evidence emerged. Rewrite beginning with "Not until".

Bloque 2. Cleft sentences y foco informativo

1. The board wanted to endorse the revised timetable, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

2. The analysts wanted to release their projections, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

3. The curator wanted to reassess the exhibition, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

4. The delegates wanted to withdraw their objections, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

5. The ministry wanted to release the correspondence, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

6. The publisher wanted to amend the contract, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

7. The tribunal wanted to reopen the case, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

8. The technicians wanted to detect the anomaly, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

9. The inspectors wanted to flag irregularities, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

10. The moderator wanted to suspend the debate, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

11. The supplier wanted to admit the oversight, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

12. The jury wanted to agree on a verdict, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

13. The supervisor wanted to sign off the transfer, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

14. The mediators wanted to approve the settlement, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

15. The college wanted to postpone the assessment, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

16. The arbitrator wanted to reject the complaint, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

17. The designer wanted to alter the specifications, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

18. The historian wanted to authenticate the document, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

19. The hosts wanted to postpone the ceremony, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

20. The authority wanted to introduce safeguards, not to delay matters. Emphasise the intended action with "What ... was ...".

Bloque 3. Modal perfects y evaluación retrospectiva

1. It was a mistake for the board to endorse the revised timetable without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

2. It was a mistake for the analysts to release their projections without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

3. It was a mistake for the curator to reassess the exhibition without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

4. It was a mistake for the delegates to withdraw their objections without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

5. It was a mistake for the ministry to release the correspondence without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

6. It was a mistake for the publisher to amend the contract without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

7. It was a mistake for the tribunal to reopen the case without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

8. It was a mistake for the technicians to detect the anomaly without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

9. It was a mistake for the inspectors to flag irregularities without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

10. It was a mistake for the moderator to suspend the debate without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

11. It was a mistake for the supplier to admit the oversight without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

12. It was a mistake for the jury to agree on a verdict without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

13. It was a mistake for the supervisor to sign off the transfer without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

14. It was a mistake for the mediators to approve the settlement without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

15. It was a mistake for the college to postpone the assessment without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

16. It was a mistake for the arbitrator to reject the complaint without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

17. It was a mistake for the designer to alter the specifications without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

18. It was a mistake for the historian to authenticate the document without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

19. It was a mistake for the hosts to postpone the ceremony without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

20. It was a mistake for the authority to introduce safeguards without consulting anyone. Rewrite using "should not have".

Bloque 4. Condicionales complejos y mixed conditionals

1. The board did not endorse the revised timetable, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

2. The analysts did not release their projections, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

3. The curator did not reassess the exhibition, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

4. The delegates did not withdraw their objections, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

5. The ministry did not release the correspondence, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

6. The publisher did not amend the contract, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

7. The tribunal did not reopen the case, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

8. The technicians did not detect the anomaly, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

9. The inspectors did not flag irregularities, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

10. The moderator did not suspend the debate, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

11. The supplier did not admit the oversight, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

12. The jury did not agree on a verdict, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

13. The supervisor did not sign off the transfer, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

14. The mediators did not approve the settlement, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

15. The college did not postpone the assessment, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

16. The arbitrator did not reject the complaint, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

17. The designer did not alter the specifications, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

18. The historian did not authenticate the document, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

19. The hosts did not postpone the ceremony, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

20. The authority did not introduce safeguards, and the team is still facing uncertainty. Express this as a mixed conditional.

Bloque 5. Nominalización y registro académico

1. The board refused to endorse the revised timetable, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

2. The analysts refused to release their projections, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

3. The curator refused to reassess the exhibition, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

4. The delegates refused to withdraw their objections, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

5. The ministry refused to release the correspondence, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

6. The publisher refused to amend the contract, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

7. The tribunal refused to reopen the case, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

8. The technicians refused to detect the anomaly, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

9. The inspectors refused to flag irregularities, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

10. The moderator refused to suspend the debate, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

11. The supplier refused to admit the oversight, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

12. The jury refused to agree on a verdict, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

13. The supervisor refused to sign off the transfer, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

14. The mediators refused to approve the settlement, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

15. The college refused to postpone the assessment, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

16. The arbitrator refused to reject the complaint, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

17. The designer refused to alter the specifications, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

18. The historian refused to authenticate the document, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

19. The hosts refused to postpone the ceremony, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

20. The authority refused to introduce safeguards, which caused considerable concern. Rewrite beginning "The refusal ...".

Bloque 6. Encuentra el error: precisión C2

1. Find and correct the error: Despite the board wanted to endorse the revised timetable, the plan failed.

2. Find and correct the error: Under no circumstances the analysts should release their projections without approval.

3. Find and correct the error: If the curator would decide to reassess the exhibition, the outcome might change.

4. Find and correct the error: It is essential that the delegates withdraws their objections immediately.

5. Find and correct the error: Despite the ministry wanted to release the correspondence, the plan failed.

6. Find and correct the error: Under no circumstances the publisher should amend the contract without approval.

7. Find and correct the error: If the tribunal would decide to reopen the case, the outcome might change.

8. Find and correct the error: It is essential that the technicians detects the anomaly immediately.

9. Find and correct the error: Despite the inspectors wanted to flag irregularities, the plan failed.

10. Find and correct the error: Under no circumstances the moderator should suspend the debate without approval.

11. Find and correct the error: If the supplier would decide to admit the oversight, the outcome might change.

12. Find and correct the error: It is essential that the jury agrees on a verdict immediately.

13. Find and correct the error: Despite the supervisor wanted to sign off the transfer, the plan failed.

14. Find and correct the error: Under no circumstances the mediators should approve the settlement without approval.

15. Find and correct the error: If the college would decide to postpone the assessment, the outcome might change.

16. Find and correct the error: It is essential that the arbitrator rejects the complaint immediately.

17. Find and correct the error: Despite the designer wanted to alter the specifications, the plan failed.

18. Find and correct the error: Under no circumstances the historian should authenticate the document without approval.

19. Find and correct the error: If the hosts would decide to postpone the ceremony, the outcome might change.

20. Find and correct the error: It is essential that the authority introduces safeguards immediately.

SOLUCIONES Y ORIENTACIONES

Estas son respuestas modelo. Revisa el sentido y la estructura si has utilizado una alternativa diferente.

Bloque 1. Inversión y énfasis adverbial

Inversión tras un adverbial restrictivo: auxiliar antes del sujeto.

1. Not until further evidence emerged did the board endorse the revised timetable.
2. Not until further evidence emerged did the analysts release their projections.
3. Not until further evidence emerged did the curator reassess the exhibition.
4. Not until further evidence emerged did the delegates withdraw their objections.
5. Not until further evidence emerged did the ministry release the correspondence.
6. Not until further evidence emerged did the publisher amend the contract.
7. Not until further evidence emerged did the tribunal reopen the case.
8. Not until further evidence emerged did the technicians detect the anomaly.
9. Not until further evidence emerged did the inspectors flag irregularities.
10. Not until further evidence emerged did the moderator suspend the debate.
11. Not until further evidence emerged did the supplier admit the oversight.
12. Not until further evidence emerged did the jury agree on a verdict.
13. Not until further evidence emerged did the supervisor sign off the transfer.
14. Not until further evidence emerged did the mediators approve the settlement.
15. Not until further evidence emerged did the college postpone the assessment.
16. Not until further evidence emerged did the arbitrator reject the complaint.
17. Not until further evidence emerged did the designer alter the specifications.
18. Not until further evidence emerged did the historian authenticate the document.
19. Not until further evidence emerged did the hosts postpone the ceremony.
20. Not until further evidence emerged did the authority introduce safeguards.

Bloque 2. Cleft sentences y foco informativo

Las cleft sentences focalizan información; la concordancia y el infinitivo deben ser correctos.

1. What the board wanted was to endorse the revised timetable, not to delay matters.
2. What the analysts wanted was to release their projections, not to delay matters.
3. What the curator wanted was to reassess the exhibition, not to delay matters.
4. What the delegates wanted was to withdraw their objections, not to delay matters.
5. What the ministry wanted was to release the correspondence, not to delay matters.
6. What the publisher wanted was to amend the contract, not to delay matters.
7. What the tribunal wanted was to reopen the case, not to delay matters.
8. What the technicians wanted was to detect the anomaly, not to delay matters.
9. What the inspectors wanted was to flag irregularities, not to delay matters.
10. What the moderator wanted was to suspend the debate, not to delay matters.
11. What the supplier wanted was to admit the oversight, not to delay matters.

12. What the jury wanted was to agree on a verdict, not to delay matters.
13. What the supervisor wanted was to sign off the transfer, not to delay matters.
14. What the mediators wanted was to approve the settlement, not to delay matters.
15. What the college wanted was to postpone the assessment, not to delay matters.
16. What the arbitrator wanted was to reject the complaint, not to delay matters.
17. What the designer wanted was to alter the specifications, not to delay matters.
18. What the historian wanted was to authenticate the document, not to delay matters.
19. What the hosts wanted was to postpone the ceremony, not to delay matters.
20. What the authority wanted was to introduce safeguards, not to delay matters.

Bloque 3. Modal perfects y evaluación retrospectiva

Los modal perfects expresan deducción, crítica o posibilidad sobre el pasado.

1. The board should not have endorse the revised timetable without consulting anyone.
2. The analysts should not have release their projections without consulting anyone.
3. The curator should not have reassess the exhibition without consulting anyone.
4. The delegates should not have withdraw their objections without consulting anyone.
5. The ministry should not have release the correspondence without consulting anyone.
6. The publisher should not have amend the contract without consulting anyone.
7. The tribunal should not have reopen the case without consulting anyone.
8. The technicians should not have detect the anomaly without consulting anyone.
9. The inspectors should not have flag irregularities without consulting anyone.
10. The moderator should not have suspend the debate without consulting anyone.
11. The supplier should not have admit the oversight without consulting anyone.
12. The jury should not have agree on a verdict without consulting anyone.
13. The supervisor should not have sign off the transfer without consulting anyone.
14. The mediators should not have approve the settlement without consulting anyone.
15. The college should not have postpone the assessment without consulting anyone.
16. The arbitrator should not have reject the complaint without consulting anyone.
17. The designer should not have alter the specifications without consulting anyone.
18. The historian should not have authenticate the document without consulting anyone.
19. The hosts should not have postpone the ceremony without consulting anyone.
20. The authority should not have introduce safeguards without consulting anyone.

Bloque 4. Condicionales complejos y mixed conditionals

Tercer condicional: pasado hipotético y resultado pasado; mixto: pasado hipotético y resultado presente.

1. If the board had endorsed the revised timetable, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
2. If the analysts had released their projections, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
3. If the curator had reassessed the exhibition, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
4. If the delegates had withdrawn their objections, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
5. If the ministry had released the correspondence, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.

6. If the publisher had amended the contract, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
7. If the tribunal had reopened the case, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
8. If the technicians had detected the anomaly, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
9. If the inspectors had flagged irregularities, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
10. If the moderator had suspended the debate, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
11. If the supplier had admitted the oversight, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
12. If the jury had agreed on a verdict, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
13. If the supervisor had signed off the transfer, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
14. If the mediators had approved the settlement, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
15. If the college had postponed the assessment, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
16. If the arbitrator had rejected the complaint, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
17. If the designer had altered the specifications, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
18. If the historian had authenticated the document, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
19. If the hosts had postponed the ceremony, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.
20. If the authority had introduced safeguards, the team would not still be facing uncertainty.

Bloque 5. Nominalización y registro académico

La nominalización convierte una acción verbal en núcleo nominal, frecuente en registros académicos.

1. The refusal by the board to endorse the revised timetable caused considerable concern.
2. The refusal by the analysts to release their projections caused considerable concern.
3. The refusal by the curator to reassess the exhibition caused considerable concern.
4. The refusal by the delegates to withdraw their objections caused considerable concern.
5. The refusal by the ministry to release the correspondence caused considerable concern.
6. The refusal by the publisher to amend the contract caused considerable concern.
7. The refusal by the tribunal to reopen the case caused considerable concern.
8. The refusal by the technicians to detect the anomaly caused considerable concern.
9. The refusal by the inspectors to flag irregularities caused considerable concern.
10. The refusal by the moderator to suspend the debate caused considerable concern.
11. The refusal by the supplier to admit the oversight caused considerable concern.
12. The refusal by the jury to agree on a verdict caused considerable concern.
13. The refusal by the supervisor to sign off the transfer caused considerable concern.
14. The refusal by the mediators to approve the settlement caused considerable concern.
15. The refusal by the college to postpone the assessment caused considerable concern.
16. The refusal by the arbitrator to reject the complaint caused considerable concern.
17. The refusal by the designer to alter the specifications caused considerable concern.
18. The refusal by the historian to authenticate the document caused considerable concern.
19. The refusal by the hosts to postpone the ceremony caused considerable concern.
20. The refusal by the authority to introduce safeguards caused considerable concern.

Bloque 6. Encuentra el error: precisión C2

Identifica el error de régimen, inversión, condicional o subjuntivo formal y corrígelo sin cambiar el sentido.

1. Although the board wanted to endorse the revised timetable, the plan failed.
2. Under no circumstances should the analysts release their projections without approval.
3. If the curator decided to reassess the exhibition, the outcome might change.
4. It is essential that the delegates withdraw their objections immediately.
5. Although the ministry wanted to release the correspondence, the plan failed.
6. Under no circumstances should the publisher amend the contract without approval.
7. If the tribunal decided to reopen the case, the outcome might change.
8. It is essential that the technicians detect the anomaly immediately.
9. Although the inspectors wanted to flag irregularities, the plan failed.
10. Under no circumstances should the moderator suspend the debate without approval.
11. If the supplier decided to admit the oversight, the outcome might change.
12. It is essential that the jury agree on a verdict immediately.
13. Although the supervisor wanted to sign off the transfer, the plan failed.
14. Under no circumstances should the mediators approve the settlement without approval.
15. If the college decided to postpone the assessment, the outcome might change.
16. It is essential that the arbitrator reject the complaint immediately.
17. Although the designer wanted to alter the specifications, the plan failed.
18. Under no circumstances should the historian authenticate the document without approval.
19. If the hosts decided to postpone the ceremony, the outcome might change.
20. It is essential that the authority introduce safeguards immediately.