

15. PASSIVE VOICE

(LA VOZ PASIVA)

GRAMÁTICA INGLESA PARTE 15

15.1. Forma

Para crear oraciones en voz pasiva, utilizaremos la forma correspondiente del verbo "to be", seguida del participio pasado del que era el verbo principal en la oración activa.

e.g:

ACTIVA

- She writes a comment
- We change the colours



PASIVA

- A comment is written by her
- The colours are changed by us

El proceso consiste en utilizar como sujeto de la oración pasiva al que era el objeto en la oración activa. Por otro lado, el sujeto de la oración activa quedará reflejado al final de la oración pasiva, precedido de "by" para formar el agente.

e.g:

- They paint the wall (Activa)
- The wall is painted by them (Pasiva)

15.2. Uso

Principalmente, utilizamos la voz pasiva porque queremos dar más importancia al objeto o acción realizados por el verbo que al sujeto que lo realiza.

e.g:

- The new stadium is built by him

El agente introducido por "by" puede ser omitido en los siguientes casos:

Cuando está claro quien realiza la acción del verbo principal

e.g:

- The thief is arrested early in the morning (by the police)

Cuando el agente es desconocido

e.g:

- My newspaper is stolen every morning

¡A PRACTICAR!

Make correct passive phrases. Mind the tenses in brackets.

1 English / to speak (*Simple Present*)

2 volleyball / to play (*Simple Past*)

3 a prize / to win (*Simple Past*)

4 stories / to tell (*Simple Present*)

5 posters / to make (*Simple Present*)

Rewrite the sentences in **Passive voice**.

1 The mechanic repairs cars.

2 John cleaned the bathroom.

3 The girls can play handball.

4 Levi Strauss invented the blue jeans.

5 My friend bought a new car.

¡Pssst! Mira aquí solo si te has atascado:

1- English is spoken 2- volleyball is played
3- a prize is won 4- stories are told
5- posters are made
1- Cars are repaired by the mechanic
2- The bathroom was cleaned by John
3- Handball can be played by the girls
4- Blue jeans were invented by Levi Strauss
5- A new car was bought by my friend